



Company	Veterinarian
Mail	Identification
Phone	Chip/UELN
Invoice to	Owner

Category:	Age:	Process:	Sample: [] pool [] individual analysis
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Farm Animal	<input type="checkbox"/> 04 Breeders	<input type="checkbox"/> 01 Abortion	<input type="checkbox"/> 01 Environmental sample
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 Companion animal	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 Adults	<input type="checkbox"/> 02 Joint disease	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 Urines
	<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Foals (up to 1 year old)	<input type="checkbox"/> 03 Sudden death	<input type="checkbox"/> 03 Foetus (days gestation)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 13 2 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 05 Health control	<input type="checkbox"/> 14 Bloods
	<input type="checkbox"/> 14 Mare	<input type="checkbox"/> 06 Cutaneous	<input type="checkbox"/> 05 Faeces
		<input type="checkbox"/> 08 Digestive	<input type="checkbox"/> 06 Swabs
			<input type="checkbox"/> 07 Lavages
			<input type="checkbox"/> 10 Organs
			<input type="checkbox"/> 16 Seras
			<input type="checkbox"/> 18 Liquids/Exudates

Date of birth:

Breed:

Medical history

Diagnostic Panels

- Digestive PCR:** Salmonella sp., Lawsonia intracellularis, Clostridioides difficile, C. perfringens, Enterotoxin, Campylobacter sp., Enterotoxigenic Bacteroides fragilis, Rotavirus A, Equine Coronavirus, Giardia intestinalis, Cryptosporidium sp., Eimeria sp.
- Hemoparasites PCR:** Babesia caballi, Theileria equi, Anaplasma phagocytophilum, Piroplasmas
- Reproductive PCR:** Pathogenic Leptospira, Streptococcus equi, Salmonella sp., Taylorella equigenitalis, Listeria monocytogenes, Equine Herpesvirus 1, Equine Herpesvirus 4, Equine viral arteritis
- Respiratory PCR:** Virulent Rhodococcus equi, Streptococcus equi, Equine Herpesvirus 1, Equine Herpesvirus 4, Influenza A, Equine viral arteritis, Equine Adenovirus type 1
- Dermatophyte; PCR:** Trichophyton equinum, Microsporum canis, Microsporum gypseum, Trichophyton mentagrophytes

Sequencing and Typing

- Clostridium perfringens - Toxins PCR:** C. perfringens, Beta, Epsilon, Iota, Enterotoxin, Beta-2, NetF
- Herpesvirus type 1 - Neuropathogenic strains PCR:** Equine Herpesvirus 1, Neuropathogenic EHV1, Non neuropathogenic EHV1
- Leptospira sp. - Typing**
- Streptococcus equi equi - Strangle PCR:** S. equi equi eqbE, S. equi equi SEQ2190

Microbiology

- Microbiology (up to 2 samples + 2 ATB)** Microbiology: Bacteria isolation and id., Antimicrobial susceptibility test

- Microbiology (up to 5 samples + 2 ATB)** Microbiology: Bacteria isolation and id., Antimicrobial susceptibility test
- Microbiology + MIC (up to 5 samples + 2MIC)** Microbiology: Bacteria isolation and id.; Microbiology: Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) - antibiotic profile
- Anaerobic culture (up to 5 samples)** Microbiology: Anaerobic culture
- Bacteria isolation and id.**
- Antimicrobial susceptibility test**
- MALDI TOF bacterial identification**

Parasitology

- Coprology (fecal flotation & sedimentation)**
- Mites identification (scabie)**
- Coccidia Oocyst Count (fecal flotation)**

Real Time PCR

- Equine Adenovirus type 1**
- Anaplasma phagocytophilum**
- Equine viral arteritis**
- Babesia caballi**
- Bornavirus**
- Borrelia burgdorferi**
- Brucella sp.**
- Cestodes**
- Chlamydia abortus**
- Chlamydiaceae (all species)**
- Clostridioides difficile**
- Clostridium botulinum**
- C. perfringens**
- Equine Coronavirus**
- Cryptosporidium sp.**

*Note: analysis performed in an external laboratory.



- Echinococcus granulosus
- Ehrlchia sp.
- Eimeria sp.
- Tyzzer disease
- Escherichia coli
- Giardia intestinalis
- Hepacivirus
- Equine Herpesvirus 1
- Equine Herpesvirus 2
- Equine Herpesvirus 3
- Equine Herpesvirus 4
- Equine Herpesvirus 5
- Influenza A
- Klebsiella pneumoniae
- Lawsonia intracellularis
- Pathogenic Leptospira
- Listeria monocytogenes
- Microsporum canis
- Microsporum gypseum
- Nematodes
- Neorickettsia risticii
- Equine parvovirus
- Pasteurella multocida
- Piroplasmas
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- Virulent Rhodococcus equi
- Rotavirus A
- Salmonella sp.
- Staphylococcus aureus
- Streptococcus equi
- Streptococcus equi zooepidemicus
- Taylorella equigenitalis
- Theileria equi
- Trichophyton equinum
- Trichophyton mentagrophytes

- Serology**
- Leptospira (MAT) (min 6 sera)*

- Toxicology**
- Acetylcholinesterase activity*
- Alkaloids from Claviceps purpurea*
- Amitraz*
- Antibiotics*
- Anti-inflammatory drugs*
- Bromethalin (Rodenticide)*
- Carbamates (Pesticides)*
- Cyanides*
- Quantification of antibiotics*
- Toxicant-specific quantification (price on request)*
- Determination of a toxic (qualitative)*
- Strychnine*

*Note: analysis performed in an external laboratory.

- Glyphosate (Herbicide)*
- Imidacloprid (Insecticide)*
- Ionophores in feed*
- Metaldehyde (Pesticide)*
- Heavy metals 1 metal*
- Heavy metals 2 metals*
- Heavy metals 3 metals*
- Heavy metals 4 metals*
- Heavy metals 5 metals*
- Mycotoxins Feed AOF*
- Mycotoxins Feed AOF/DZT*
- Mycotoxins Feed DZT*
- Post-mortem determination of mycotoxins*
- Nitrates*
- Nitrites*
- Nitrosamines*
- Organochlorines (Pesticides)*
- Organophosphates (Pesticides)*
- Oxalates*
- Pyrethrins (Insecticides)*
- Pyrethroids or permethrins (Insecticides)*
- Livestock toxic plants*
- Pesticide screening*
- Screening rodenticides*
- Toxic screening*
- Doping substances*
- Triazines (Herbicides)*
- Urea*